Genes, encoding heat-resistant obscure (Hero) proteins: new players in ischemic stroke pathogenesis

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Cell Death Pathways in Ischemic Stroke



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Aim

To investigate an associations between a single nucleotide polymorphisms in genes encoding Hero proteins with risk of Ischemic stroke.

Material and methods



Statistical analysis: SNPStats (https://www.snpstats.net/start.htm) with adjustment for sex, age.

Bioinformatics analysis







Statistically significant associations of SNPs in the genes encoding Hero chaperones with the risk of ischemic stroke

SNP	Minor allele	corOR (95% CI) ¹	P ²
rs11666524 (G/A) <i>C190RF53</i>	А	1.61 (1.10-2.36)	0.015 ^R
rs2277947 (G/A) C190RF53	А	1.86 (1.24-2.78)	0.0023 ^R
rs346157 (A/G) <i>C190RF53</i>	G	1.28 (1.02-1.62)	0.036 ^R
rs346158 (T/C) <i>C190RF53</i>	С	1.65 (1.13-2.40)	0.0091 ^R
rs10104 (A/G) <i>C190RF53</i>	G	1.75 (1.15-2.67)	0.01 ^R
rs4644832 (A/G) SERF2	G	1.33 (1.08-1.65)	0.0065 ^C
rs12566098 (C/G) SERBP1	G	1.58 (1.31-1.91)	<0.0001 ^C

- 1 odds ratio and 95% confidence interval;
- 2 P value with adjustment for gender, age
- R recessive regression model; C codominant regression model

Conclusion

The present study was the first to show that genetic variants in genes, encoding Hero proteins, are associated with ischemic stroke risk.

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