



## Bioinformatic screening for subtilisin-like peptidases (SLP) in dikaryotic fungi

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## Study design



## Conclusions

Analysis of 42 fungal genomes revealed homologs from all 4 major families of SLPs:

- Kexin and proteinase K homologs were present in the vast majority of studied species.
- Pyrolysin homologs are found in the half of observed species.
- Homologs of OSP (oxidatively stable protease) family proteins are relatively scarce throughout species of higher fungi.

The obtained homologous AA sequences retain intact conserved domains and active sites.

Number of SLP homologs of a particular species is mostly determined by ecology, not by taxonomy: the reachest variety of SLPs is found in pathogenic and parasitic fungi.